

MARKSCHEME

May 2012

CLASSICAL GREEK

Standard Level

Paper 2

7 pages

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Epic

- 1. (a) Judge only for length of syllables. [1 mark] for each error-free line.
 - (b) Any **three** of: the whole line 67 is a direct address to the Danaans, made out almost exclusively of Vocatives [1 mark]; other exhortative words, e.g. μή, μιμνέτω, κτείνωμεν [1 mark]; short clauses [1 mark]; spondaic hexameter, l.71 [1 mark].
 - (c) Aeneas will escape the sack of Troy [1 mark]; Hector is the most valiant Trojan [1 mark]; Helenus is a seer [1 mark]; they are brothers [1 mark].
 - (d) The Greeks are defeating Trojans who begin to flee [1 mark]; Helenus asks Aeneas and Hector to stop the Trojans from running in all directions [1 mark]; saying that they could fall into the arms of their wives [1 mark].
 - (e) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc.). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.

[15 marks]

- **2.** (a) Chimaera [1 mark]; plus any two of: monster [1 mark]; killed by Bellerophon [1 mark]; divine nature [1 mark]; fire-breathing [1 mark]; etc.
 - (b) Bellerophon [1 mark]; plus any two of: son of Glaucus [1 mark]; to him the Gods granted beauty and courage [1 mark]; hated by King Proetus [1 mark]; or similar.
 - (c) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc.). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
 - (d) Any **four** of (ideally no more than one of each category): epic vocabulary: κατέπεφνε [1 mark]; epic forms: μαχέσσατο, δύμεναι, μιν [1 marks]; formula: κυδαλίμοισι, ἀντιανείφας, ἀμύμων Βελλεφοφόντης, ἔξοχον ἄλλων, μητίετα Ζεύς, χαλκοκορυστήν [1 mark]; plus emphasized by the bucolic caesura [1 mark].
 - (e) Judge only for length of syllables. [1 mark] for each error-free line.

Historiography

- 3. (a) Up to [3 marks] for: reference made to both offensive (ἐκτήθη) and defensive military efforts (ἡμυνάμεθα) [1 mark]; such as the Persian Wars (βάρβαρον) [1 mark]; the war with Thasos (465) [1 mark]; or with Corinth, Epidaurus and Aegina (458) or in Boeotia (457 and 447), or with Euboea (445) and Samos (440) [1 mark] each.
 - (b) The ideas underlying Athenian constitution and Athenian customs [1 mark]; the audience (Athenian or otherwise) is to benefit/learn a lesson (καὶ ἀστῶν καὶ ξένων ξύμφορον) [1 mark].
 - (c) Athenians win friends by making rather than gaining favours [1 mark]; their friends are thus bound by a feeling of indebtedness [1 mark]; in fact this is a reflection of Athenian hegemony [1 mark].
 - (d) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc.). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
 - (e) Emotional rhetorical appeal to former glory and to standards set by ancestors (οἱ πατέρες ἡμῶν βάρβαρον ἢ Ἑλληνα πολέμιον ἐπιόντα προθύμως) [1 mark]; digression on Athenian political values (constitution and customs: πολιτείας καὶ τρόπων) [1 mark]; idealization of Athens hyperbole of city as the supreme role-model for every other state in Greece (τῆς Ἑλλάδος παίδευσιν) [1 mark].

[15 marks]

- 4. (a) The fallen need to be praised for their heroic spirit [1 mark]; the living ones should aspire to have a similar spirit of bravery [1 mark]; the value of such bravery is priceless [1 mark].
 - (b) Give praise to the glory of Athens [1 mark]; AND to the fellow citizens who contributed by doing their duty towards Athens' glory [1 mark]; a soldier's death is the highest sacrifice one can make on behalf of Athens [1 mark].
 - (c) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc.). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
 - (d) Consolation to the parent's now childless [1 mark]; the death of a soldier is the noblest thing [1 mark].
 - (e) Any **three** of: προσηκόντως τῆ πόλει framed by οἴδε and τοιοίδε [1 mark]; for emphasis; balance ἀσφαλεστέραν μὲν εὕχεσθαι, ἀτολμοτέραν δὲ μηδὲν ἀξιοῦν [1 mark]; contrast μὴ λόγω μόνω ... ἀλλὰ μᾶλλον ... ἔργω [1 mark]; homoeoteleuton θεωμένους ... γιγνομένους ... ἐνθυμουμένους [1 mark]; sententia: φιλότιμον ἀγήρων μόνον [1 mark]; etc.

Tragedy

- 5. (a) Thebes has been devastated by a plague [1 mark]; the priests are leading a procession of supplicants [1 mark]; to the royal palace/Oedipus' court [1 mark]; they are hoping that their king will be able to save the city from the plague [1 mark].
 - (b) Judge only for length of syllables. [1 mark] for each error-free line.
 - (c) He is "famous in the eyes of all/in all ways" [1 mark]; because he is the king of Thebes, the word is a regular title of royalty [1 mark]; as well as the city's saviour in the Sphynx episode [1 mark].
 - (d) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc.). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
 - (e) Any **three** of: portrayal through his own words plus appropriate quotation [1 mark]; the image of the good leader rendered by paternal, caring tone addressing the suppliants [1 mark]; acknowledgement of latest developments in the city: well-acquainted with reality as shown by the parallel structure in πόλις δ' όμοῦ μὲν θυμιαμάτων γέμει,/ ὁμοῦ δὲ παιάνων τε καὶ στεναγμάτων [1 mark]; respectful tone addressing the old priest ἐπεὶ πρέπων ἔφυς/πρὸ τῶνδε φωνεῖν [1 mark]; portrayal through the words of other characters: highly-regarded king: a special relationship with the gods [1 mark]; heroic reputation: first among men [1 mark].

[15 marks]

- 6. (a) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc.). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
 - (b) Judge only for length of syllables. [1 mark] for each error-free line.
 - (c) Oedipus is accusing Tiresias of dishonouring the city with his words about its king [1 mark]; when in fact it is the king himself who (unknowingly [1 mark]) dishonours the city through his deeds [1 mark].
 - (d) The accusation that he is the murderer of king Laius [1 mark]; in Oedipus' view, Teiresias' statements are just tactics to detract attention [1 mark]; from the moral author/plotter of Laius' murder, Teiresias himself [1 mark]; not only is Teiresias implicitly called a liar, but a villain too he would have committed the murder himself if he could see [1 mark].
 - (e) Any **three** of: emphatic position of short rhetorical question ἄληθες; –shows the scale of Teiresias' anger and disbelief [*I mark*]; emphatic position of ῷπερ "the *very* proclamation" highlights the irony of Oedipus' curse on the murderer of Laius [*I mark*]; ὡς ὄντι γῆς τῆσδ' ἀνοσίω μιάστορι framing of "the land" to render the verdict tone of the last words in Tiresias' the line [*I mark*]; ἀνοσίω μιάστορι negative epithet [*I mark*].

Comedy

- 7. (a) Dionysus, patron god of drama [1 mark]; comically dressed up as Herakles [1 mark]; Xanthias, Dionysus' slave [1 mark]; laden with several pieces of luggage, is riding a donkey [1 mark].
 - (b) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc.). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
 - (c) Fallen standards in contemporary comedy [1 mark]; poor quality humour/crude jokes [1 mark]; lack of originality = stock opening scene the comic porter [1 mark].
 - (d) Judge only for length of syllables. [1 mark] for each error-free line.
 - (e) The image of Dionysus was brought to the theatre every year for the dramatic performances at the City Dionysia [1 mark]; so with every festival he attends Dionysus is, in a sense, a year older [1 mark]; but the poor quality of the plays makes him "more than" a year older [1 mark].

[15 marks]

- **8.** (a) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc.). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
 - (b) Any **three** of: demeaning metaphors in a tricolon: ἐπιφυλλίδες, στωμύλματα, χελιδόνων μουσεῖα [1 mark]; derogatory remarks: λωβηταὶ τέχνης [1 mark]; sarcastic comment: ἢν μόνον χορὸν λάβῃ [1 mark]; crude joke: ἄπαξ προσουρήσαντα τῆ τραγωδία [1 mark].
 - (c) Judge only for length of syllables. [1 mark] for each error-free line.
 - (d) Euripides' penchant for poetical language: αἰθέρα Διὸς δωμάτιον ΟR χρόνου πόδα the notorious oath taken by Hippolytus: ἢ φρένα μὲν οὐκ ἐθέλουσαν ὀμόσαι καθ' ἱερῶν,/γλῶτταν δ' ἐπιορκήσασαν ἰδία τῆς φρενός.
 - (e) Sarcastic: σὲ δὲ ταῦτ' ἀρέσκει [1 mark]; totally opposed in literary taste to Dionysus: ἢ μὴν κόβαλά γ' ἐστίν versus μἀλλὰ πλεῖν ἢ μαίνομαι [1 mark]; persistent in his judgement: καὶ μὴν [1 mark]; well-versed in literary criticism: ἀτεχνῶς γε παμπόνηρα [1 mark].

Philosophy

- 9. (a) Socrates was sentenced to death [1 mark]; but the sentence could not be executed until the sacred returned from Delos [1 mark]; Crito had learnt that the ship was due to return that very day [1 mark].
 - (b) he is used to me [1 mark]; as seeing me often around [1 mark]; I bribed him or similar [1 mark].
 - (c) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc.). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
 - (d) Any **three** of: Socrates does not think the ship will arrive on that day [1 mark]; as he had a premonitory dream [1 mark]; in which a line from Homer was quoted [1 mark]; suggesting that he will die/depart/see Phthia in three days [1 mark].
 - (e) Socrates was condemned by Athenian jury [1 mark]; as found guilty of three charges [1 mark]; but in fact because he expressed publicly different opinions about society, politics, and wisdom from many of his contemporaries [1 mark].

[15 marks]

- **10.** (a) The Athenian Laws are speaking [1 mark]; this is known as a prosopopoeia, by which, an abstract entity is personified [1 mark]; Socrates aims to persuade Crito to abandon his hopes for an escape or similar [1 mark].
 - (b) Socrates usually applies this technique of question and answer/dialectic [1 mark]; whose inventor he is considered [1 mark]; to find out what the truth is about something [1 mark].
 - (c) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc.). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
 - (d) The topic is the relationship between individual and law [1 mark]; Socrates' view is that the law is to be obeyed unconditionally [1 mark]; modern views may differ or similar plus some detail/example [1 mark].
 - (e) The use of a complex figure of speech, to start with [1 mark]; series of rhetorical questions [1 mark]; oral style, with direct commands and interjections: μὴ θαύμαζε ... ἀλλ' ἀποκρίνου, ... φέρε ... φράσον [1 mark]; images of family life plus example [1 mark]; use of polyptota, e.g. παιδείαν ... ἐπαιδεύθης ... παιδεύειν [1 mark]; other answers on their merits.